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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/634,295	08/05/2003	Henry Frank Gasbarro	NG(MS)-6620	7971	
26294	7590 09/28/2005		EXAMINER		
	SUNDHEIM, COVELL &	BROADHEAD, BRIAN J			
	OR AVENUE, SUITE 1111 ND. OH 44114	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		3661		
			DATE MAIL ED: 09/28/2004	DATE MAIL ED: 09/28/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/634,295	· 5	GASBARRO				
		Examiner		Art Unit	<u> </u>			
		Brian J. Bro	eadhead	3661				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app			orrespondence a	ddress			
Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status					•			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication/s) filed on 12 Si	entember 20	005					
· ·	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>12 September 2005</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)□	.—							
٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disnositi		,	,,					
· · ·	Disposition of Claims							
•	Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
•	Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	on Papers			·				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 August 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notic 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 8-5-03.		Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Pace Other:	e	O-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1 through 25 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 through 24 of copending Application No. 10/634,535. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because one claims a tablet PC and one claims a PDA which are not patentable distinct from each other.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 4. Claims 1 through 16, and 20 through 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pippen, 6278402, in view of Norris, 5952959.
- 5. Pippen discloses a tablet like device; a GPS module; memory that contains geographic information concerning areas of interest; flash memory; a dismount communications device; an internal power supply is inherent; a connection between the vehicle power supply and the internal power supply. Pippen does not disclose an Iband transceiver; broadcasting location information to at least one portable device through a relay network and receiving location information from that at least one portable device via the relay network; power regulating I/O device; a touch screen display; is detachable antenna; a quadrifilar helix antenna; a faraday cage; or a heat sink; and means for software to control power consumption. Norris teaches broadcasting location information to at least one portable device through a relay network and receiving location information from that at least one portable device via the relay network. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention to use the teaching of Norris in the invention of Pippen because golfer could locate each other, as disclosed by Norris. Norris and Pippen to not disclose an Iband transceiver; power regulating I/O device; a touch screen display; is detachable antenna; a quadrifilar helix antenna; a faraday cage; or a heat sink; and means for software to control power consumption. Official notice is given that one of ordinary skill in the art would exchange the portable device with a tablet device; any type of wireless communication including L-band is known in the art and the advantages are known. Tablet PCs include software and hardware to control power usage just like any laptop...

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the items in the previous sentence along with a detachable antenna, a faraday cage, and a heat sink because it is a design choice. The advantages of using all these items are known in the art.

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- 6. Claims 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pippen, 6278402, in view of Norris, 5952959, as applied to claim 16 above, and further in view of Kokkonen et al., 2005/003253.
- 7. Pippen and Norris disclose the limitations as set forth above. They do not disclose encoding routing information of intended recipients and analyzing the routing information. Kokkonen et al. teach encoding routing information of intended recipients and analyzing the routing information in paragraphs 18 and 21. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the routing of Kokkonen et al. in the invention of Pippen and Norris because such modification would prevent provision of location information to unwanted requesters.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian J. Broadhead whose telephone number is 571-272-6957. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Black can be reached on 571-272-6956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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